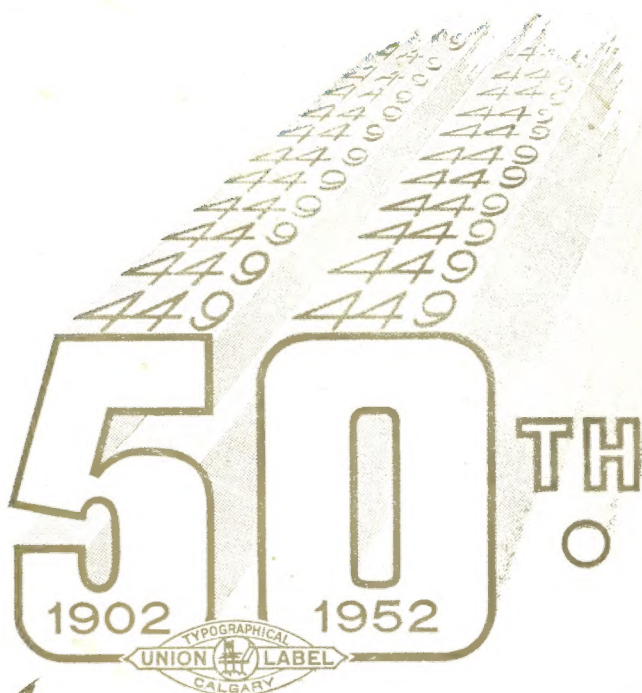


CALGARY

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION

Local No. 449



Anniversary

Calgary Typographical Union No. 449

1902 -- 1952

M. C. COSTELLO
JAS. HAMILTON
S. R. HODSON
H. E. GIBSON
A. C. GIBSON

International Typographical Union

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come:
Know ye, that the International Typographical Union of North America, established for the purpose of effecting
through organization of the Craft, and composed of Subordinate Unions and Members in different sections of the
Country, both upon proper application, grant unto Ed Marshall of Calgary Alberta and to their successors, this Charter, for the establishment and future maintenance of a
Union at Calgary Alberta to be known as the Calgary Typographical
Union No. 449 of Calgary Alberta to be known as the Calgary Typographical
International Typographical Union. That it shall, for all time, be subject and controlled by the provisions of the Constitution and General Rules of the
said Union, and that the said Union, when all privileges herein granted shall be complete.

In Witness Whereof, We have hereto set our hands and affixed the Seal of the International
Typographical Union, this eleventh day of June 1902.
Ed Marshall Secretary and Treasurer.

E. D. MARSHALL
H. W. HOWSE
J. D. McARA
H. C. W. SMITH
S. E. WALT

1852

I.T.U.

1952

Calgary Typographical Union No. 449
1902 -:- 1952



1852

I.T.U.

1952

"The beginning is the most important part of the work."—PLATÔ

Dedication . . .

To
The Pioneering Printers of Yesterday
Who Cheerfully and Willingly
Sacrificed Much
That the Foundations of the Union
Be Soundly Laid . . .
to
The Typos of Today
Who Have Built so Firmly Upon
Those Foundations . . .
and to
The Youth of the Organization
Whose Zeal and Enthusiasm
Guarantees Progress for the
Tomorrow . . .

THIS VOLUME IS RESPECTFULLY DEDICATED !

"Every advantage of the past is judged in the light of the final issue"

—DEMOSTHENES

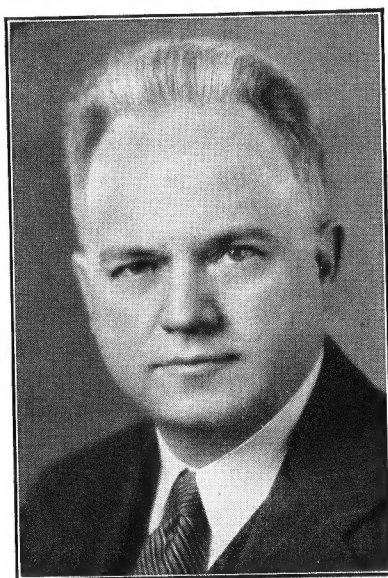
*Aerial view of the
Union Printers Home
at Colorado Springs*

Year of Anniversaries

By Woodruff Randolph

President, International Typographical Union

This is the year of anniversaries. It marks the 100th Anniversary of the International Typographical Union. It is the 60th Anniversary of the Union Printers Home. It is the Golden Anniversary of the Women's International Auxiliary, and of Calgary Typographical Union No. 449. Observing an anniversary is something more than celebrating a birthday; it is an appropriate time to review the progress made by the organization, from its humble beginning, down through the years, to the present time. It is a time to show honor and appreciation for those determined men who pioneered in making the organization great, in building something



of which we are proud. And it is a time to re-dedicate ourselves and our efforts to protecting and preserving this great heritage, and to pledge continued effort to make it even better, so that those who come after us will have opportunity and cause for celebrating anniversaries with pleasant memories of what we have done.

The International Typographical Union, which came into being on May 5, 1852, was the first of the national unions in the United States. Prior to that time, local unions of many crafts had been formed in the larger cities, and there were several printers' unions in Canada. In 1851, when the second preliminary meeting was held

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in Baltimore to draft a proposed constitution for a national union, Canada was represented by visiting printers. During the Civil War years in the United States, there were several moves to invite the Canadian printers' unions to affiliate. Then in 1869, the Canadian local unions accepted these offers, the name was changed to International Typographical Union, and the first international labor union of any kind became a reality.

It is our belief that this was the first move, by any organization in either country, to pave the way for a real friendship between Canada and the United States. What the politicians and the promoters had failed to do, union printers were able to accomplish because then as now, our interests were mutual, we needed each other for business and fraternal reasons; and the nature of our work, our aims and ideals, led us to profitable co-operation and a lasting unity. L

During the fifty years before Calgary Typographical Union was chartered, the International Typographical Union had achieved many things. It had set the pattern for other trades and crafts to form national and international organizations; it had led the fight for better conditions, higher wages and shorter hours; it had successfully started the move and set up the American Federation of Labor which included Canada at that time. It had built the Union Printers Home, and established Mortuary Benefits; it had developed free collective bargaining with employers; it had organized all of the other printing trades and helped most of them establish their own international unions. And in 1902 it could boast of 559 local unions with 38,364 members.

But when Calgary Typographical Union was formed, there was much unfinished business, as there will always be higher aims for union printers. We did not have the 8-hour day nor the five-day week. We did not have apprentice training nor trade education. We did not have our I.T.U. Pension Fund. We had not abolished piece scales and sweatshop conditions entirely. We did not have the allied printing trades councils. And we were harrassed in many places by anti-labor laws, and by custom and precedent not in accord with our best interests.

During the last fifty years, and always with the help of Calgary and the 48 other Canadian local unions, we have been able to accomplish much. We have established the International Typo-

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graphical Union as the most democratic union in America, in which every member is given full information about our business, works under laws of his own making through the initiative and referendum policy, and his union affairs are administered by officers of his own choosing because of our election laws and the secret ballot. Because we have always held fast to the policy of "each for the other and all for the I.T.U.," we have prospered in much greater degree than many other organizations, and our willingness to make sacrifices in times of need has been our strong guarantee that we cannot be defeated in our legitimate aims, nor stopped in our progressive advancement.

The Canadian unions are more fortunate than their sister unions of the United States, in that they do not have a vicious union-busting law to handicap them at every turn. But they have had other opposition, and have met it in true union style. The strong bond which causes the union printers of Canada and the United States to promote the common good and to resist the common enemy—the friendship and brotherly love so much in evidence throughout the century and particularly in recent years—is a definite guarantee that we will continue as an international union, giving mutual aid and winning common gains, suffering alike and profiting alike, for ANOTHER HUNDRED YEARS!

★ ★ ★

No. 449 Members with Fifty Years Continuous I.T.U. Membership

| | |
|-------------|--------------|
| R. J. BROWN | W. J. HILL |
| W. L. GRANT | W. M. JOINER |

Members of No. 449 with Forty Years or More Continuous I.T.U. Membership

| | | |
|---------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| JACK ATHERTON | A. F. HICKEY | R. R. NIXON |
| H. C. BUTLER | C. P. HICKEY | D. V. REID |
| S. BURNAND | T. A. J. HYND | H. F. TOOTHE, Sr. |
| B. N. FRANKS | OLIVER HORSFALL | F. J. WHITE |
| A. A. HALL | H. H. McKIM | |

No. 449 Members Who Have Sojourned at Union Printers Home at Colorado Springs, Colorado

| | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 1918—*H. E. Gibson | 1930—Gus Rossender | 1944—M. M. Currie |
| 1923—*Robert Wheeler | 1936—*Jack Healey | 1945—G. C. Kirke |
| 1926—*F. B. Cummer | 1936—*C. H. Mastin | 1948—*W. J. Hill |
| 1927—*Jerry Quinton | 1937—*A. E. Quayle | 1951—Al G. Loney |

* Deceased.

Brotherhood in Action

By L. B. (Larry) FREDERICK

President, Calgary Typographical Union, Local No. 449



"To make some nook of God's Creation a little more fruitful, a little better, more worthy of God; to make some human hearts a little wiser, happier, more manful . . . more blessed, less accursed! This is a work for a God."



These words were written by Thomas Carlyle in the early part of the 19th century. As we consider their meaning, we are struck by the aptness of the expression as it could be applied to the history of the International Typographical Union.

The I.T.U. was born in 1852, but a few years after Carlyle penned his lines, and from its birth has put every effort towards implementing the philosophy which is contained in those lines. How well has this objective been carried out is apparent in the manner of our working and living as compared to the lot of our brothers at the turn of the century.

While the century of progress of the I.T.U. has been a memorable one, our Calgary local has much to be proud of as it looks back upon its own 50 years of brotherhood in action. As we read the tales of the pioneers of this local, as recorded in this anniversary volume, we are struck by the resourcefulness they displayed when the going got rough; we who have come after can never measure the fruits of their labors on our behalf.

For years our brothers in the I.T.U. denied themselves much that the union might survive and prosper. Would we today

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have the fortitude to survive the struggle for the eight-hour day? How would we measure up to the terrific battles waged on our behalf by the pioneers of our movement, when everyone was seemingly against them, including even their so-called brothers in other unions?

This is a time for serious thought on the part of every Typographical Union member, particularly the younger members. As we rejoice in this golden jubilee of the Calgary Typographical Union, it would be well to ask ourselves a very pertinent question: Why should WE feel so proud on this occasion? And lest perhaps we should pat ourselves on the back, let us be truly humble as we consider our present good fortune . . . For what would be our heritage today if our brothers of yesterday had not thought of tomorrow.



No. 449 Applicants for I.T.U. Pension

(Approved)

1925—F. B. CUMMER
1925—L. J. FRANCIS
1931—W. M. JOINER
1932—J. F. WALT
1936—D. D. SMITH
1936—R. J. BROWN
1937—C. H. MASTIN
1937—J. T. JACKSON
1937—A. E. QUALE
1937—A. A. HALL
1938—JOHN KILGOUR

1937—A. R. RIX
1938—B. N. FRANKS
1938—W. L. GRANT
1938—D. V. REID
1941—W. J. HILL
1942—A. E. FOSTEN
1942—H. C. BUTLER
1943—JOHN ATHERTON
1947—G. C. KIRKE
1951—S. BURNAND
1952—W. J. BANKS

1951-52 Officers of Local No. 449

L. B. FREDERICK, *President*
C. A. FRENCH, *Vice-President*
W. H. DAY, *Secretary-Treasurer*

Executive Committee

J. B. COWIE C. R. CAMPBELL JACK PEAREN
M. B. HUFFMAN H. G. ROWELL
S. H. A. STONE, *Reading Clerk*
JACK ATHERTON, *Sergeant-at-Arms*



Immediate Past President
ALDERMAN E. B. WATSON



Local No. 449 Fiftieth Anniversary Committee

| | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| W. J. BANKS | H. H. McKIM |
| W. H. DAY | B. A. POPLÉ |
| D. B. EVERETT | J. N. SNUGGS |
| L. B. FREDERICK | L. L. WESTHAVER |
| H. S. HANDLEY | S. R. WILSON |

Calgary Typographical Union No. 449

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Local Union Officers From Incorporation

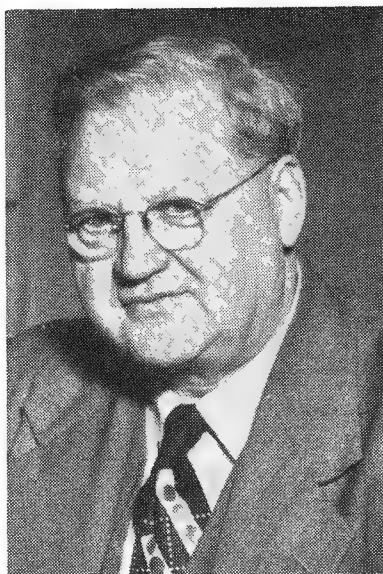
| <i>President</i> | <i>Vice-Pres.</i> | <i>Secretary</i> | <i>Treasurer</i> |
|---------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 1902—Jas. Hamilton | J. D. McAra | M. C. Costello | E. D. Marshall |
| 1903—J. D. McAra | F. B. Cummer | M. C. Costello | E. D. Marshall |
| 1904—H. B. Wilson | F. B. Cummer | M. C. Costello | E. D. Marshall |
| 1905—H. B. Wilson | F. B. Cummer | John Pearson | E. D. Marshall |
| 1906—W. J. Thompson | H. M. Diggon | John Pearson | F. W. Tomlinson |
| 1907—A. E. Robb | H. C. W. Smith | John Pearson | Oliver Horsfall |

| <i>President</i> | <i>Vice-President</i> | <i>Secretary-Treasurer</i> |
|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| 1908—A. E. Robb | F. B. Cummer | John Pearson |
| 1909—Oliver Horsfall | Robt. J. Brown | S. Burnand |
| 1910—R. J. Brown | W. M. Joiner | J. Luckwell |
| 1911—R. J. Brown | W. M. Joiner | J. Luckwell |
| 1912—H. E. Gibson | W. M. Joiner | Andrew Davison |
| 1913—John Pearson | W. M. Joiner | Andrew Davison |
| 1914—F. J. White | J. C. Bleaken | Andrew Davison |
| 1915—R. J. Brown | Frank Dibb | F. J. White |
| 1916—R. J. Brown | W. M. Laing | F. J. White |
| 1917—A. W. Jenkins | B. J. Orman | F. J. White |
| 1918—J. D. Wallace | R. M. Wilson | F. J. White |
| 1919—R. M. Wilson | Arthur Farnsworth | F. J. White |
| 1920—R. M. Wilson | J. M. Healey | F. J. White |
| 1921—Andrew Davison | R. H. Thornton | F. J. White |
| 1922—Andrew Davison | H. H. McKim | F. J. White |
| 1923—Andrew Davison | D. D. Smith | F. J. White |
| 1924—Arthur Farnsworth | D. D. Smith | Andrew Davison |
| 1925—D. D. Smith | P. A. O'Grady | Andrew Davison |
| 1926—D. D. Smith | P. A. O'Grady | Andrew Davison |
| 1927—J. M. Healey | A. E. Fosten | Andrew Davison |
| 1928—J. M. Healey | A. E. Fosten | O. W. Harris |
| 1929—Wm. Burgess | J. B. Phillips | O. W. Harris |
| 1930—W. M. Laing | J. B. Phillips | O. W. Harris |
| 1931—A. E. Quale | J. B. Phillips | O. W. Harris |
| 1932—A. E. Quale | S. A. Gill | O. W. Harris |
| 1933—Wm. Burgess | S. A. Gill | O. W. Harris |
| 1934—S. A. Gill | W. Simpson | O. W. Harris |
| 1935—S. A. Gill | W. Simpson | G. C. Kirke |
| 1936—H. S. Handley | G. E. Carter | G. C. Kirke |
| 1937—H. S. Handley | D. D. Smith | G. C. Kirke |
| 1938—H. S. Handley | F. J. White | G. C. Kirke |
| 1939—H. S. Handley | F. J. White | G. C. Kirke |
| 1940—H. S. Handley | F. J. White | G. C. Kirke |
| 1941—H. S. Handley | R. R. Nixon | G. C. Kirke |
| 1942—H. S. Handley | R. R. Nixon | G. C. Kirke |
| 1943—H. S. Handley | R. R. Nixon | G. C. Kirke |
| 1944—S. A. Gill | J. M. Ragan | G. C. Kirke |
| 1945—S. A. Gill | J. M. Ragan | W. H. Day |
| 1946—S. A. Gill | J. M. Ragan | W. H. Day |
| 1947—S. A. Gill | J. M. Ragan | W. H. Day |
| 1948—E. B. Watson | S. A. Gill | W. H. Day |
| 1949—E. B. Watson | S. A. Gill | W. H. Day |
| 1950—L. B. Frederick | Frank Riches | W. H. Day |
| 1951—L. B. Frederick | C. A. French | W. H. Day |
| 1952—L. B. Frederick | C. A. French | W. H. Day |

Where the Trail Leads

By Fred J. White

First of all I want to congratulate the members of No. 449 who have made it possible to celebrate this 50th Anniversary. There was courage and foresight required by the Charter Members — there has been courage and determination to carry it on at various times in its existence and there will be courage and resourcefulness needed to meet the challenges of the future, because just as the early printers had to accept and adapt themselves from the hand-set days to the machine age, so new methods will have to be met and assimilated in the early future.



FRED J. WHITE

The Typographical Union has had a splendid record of accomplishment. It was early in the field with a social outlook when it established the "Home" at Colorado Springs and then its pension scheme. The members never hesitated to finance the organization to meet attacks made upon it. My own recollections recall the eight-hour struggle in 1906; the fight in the early twenties and more recently the effort to wean away its membership, and the effects of the Taft-Hartley legislation in the United States. But it has and will survive, but we cannot afford to lessen our vigilance. "Be prepared" is a motto as good today as when the I.T.U. was first started.

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It is recorded that Horace Greeley once stated that the greatest colleges on earth are the composing rooms of the nation—and that is true.

The I.T.U. has taken advantage of the grounding that its members have obtained therein and looking back after my own forty-six years of membership I can recall a goodly number who have made their contribution in many fields of activity to the betterment of the country's development and its citizens.

Sometime, somewhere (preferably head office), there should be erected a tablet to the memory of the travelling printers of the early days because it was they who carried the "Message to Garcia," fought good battles and gave leadership which was so urgently required in the formative years.

For myself I have always appreciated and recognized the opportunity the I.T.U., and particularly No. 449, gave to me to enter into many ancillary and satisfying activities. Without the start and continuing support I would have missed many opportunities to meet people and render service in various capacities that have been interesting, informative and satisfying. As I retire from some of my activities I can only hope that the trust imposed in me has been justified. At least I can say that I endeavoured to live up to and be guided by I.T.U. standards.

To No. 449 I wish its members now and in the future the very best:

*"To know just where the trail doth lead
Is more important far, than speed
No toilsome journey daunts the soul,
When vision sees a worthwhile goal."*



Present No. 449 Pension Roll of Retired Members

J. ATHERTON
W. J. BANKS
R. J. BROWN
S. BURNAND
H. C. BUTLER
A. E. FOSTEN

W. L. GRANT
A. A. HALL
OLIVER HORSFALL
W. M. JOINER
G. C. KIRKE
S. A. POPLÉ
D. V. REID

Calgary Typographical Union No. 449
1902 - 1952



**Monument at
Calgary Typographical Union Plot**

*Erected to the Memory of Our Members Who Died in the First
World War, 1914 - 1918*

*In Flanders' fields, the poppies grow
Between the crosses, row on row,
That marks our place; and in the sky
The larks, still bravely singing fly,
Scarce heard amid the guns below.*

*We are the dead. Short days ago
We lived, felt dawn, saw sunset glow,
Loved and were loved; and now we lie
In Flanders' fields.*

*Take up our quarrel with the foe,
To you, from failing hands we throw
The torch. Be yours to lift it high.
If ye break faith with us who die,
We shall not sleep, though poppies blow
In Flanders' fields.*

H. A. HARDING
CHARLES HEALEY
J. H. HORROX

WALTER LANDRY
F. B. McCOWAN
G. H. SCOTT

WILLIAM STRANG
ALEX WALKER
FRED J. WATSON

H. P. MORRISON, Second World War Casualty

1857 I.T.U. 1952

Typically Typographical

By R. Parm Pettipiece

When Sec.-Treas. Day recently advised me that Calgary Typographical Union No. 449 would be celebrating its fiftieth anniversary on June 7, 1952, I could scarcely believe it. And when he suggested that I make a contribution covering those earlier days for your proposed booklet, I got a bit of a shock. This for the reason that the period I now recall dates back eleven years prior to the organization of No. 449.



Like all Old Boys, I must be permitted to talk about myself. I arrived in Calgary in February, 1890, in command of a carload of calves, with no ticket, less than \$2, with the odor of cow manure still in evidence. The calves unloaded (headed for Red Deer), I saw a rancher unloading hay at the R.N.W.M.P. supply yard, named Carter (who I understand was later a mayor of Calgary). He was a bachelor and I was hired to shovel on snow while he pitched on hay—and this was sold to the police at \$20 a ton. He also taught me to ride and “bach.” Soon after I took off for Donald, B.C., and worked in Barr’s tie camp awhile, then on a work train out of Donald. That summer headed via box car for Manitoba, and worked with threshing crew till fall. I returned to Calgary for the winter, my parents meantime having arrived from our farm in Essex, Ont.

The manager of The Herald was a red-head named Moore; the editor was a fine old gentleman and a scholar, a Mr. Livingston; his son “Buttercup” was a roving reporter. The Herald ran ten cases, with “Foo-Choo” Ross as foreman. Everett Marshall was “senior imp,” while I was the “devil.” Mike Costello, Everett Marshall and I used to skate millions of miles with a law clerk named R. B. Bennett, who later fared much better financially than the printers he skated with. Dave Rae, Norman McBride, Johnny McIntyre, Fred Kettelson, J. Peck MacSwain, Jimmy Skinner, Harry

and Bob Wilson, the Gibson brothers are some of the names of printers I recall. Associated, too, were such notables as Paddy Nolan, an outstanding lawyer, and Bob Edwards of The Eye-Opener.

In the fall of 1892 I left to accept employment with the Edmonton Bulletin and Frank Oliver. I set type with him, kicked off the entire edition by foot power, delivered the papers, worked like a beaver and received \$8 a week. Paid \$3 a week for room and board. Have never had so much money since.

Because of railway strikes prevalent about this period, we were made aware of what unions were organized for. In 1897 I headed for Revelstoke; soon ran into a "tramp printer" named McLeay and he saw to it that Burt R. Campbell, now of Kamloops, and myself became members of the I.T.U. Spent an interesting period in the Kootenays and moved with a young family to Vancouver in 1901. Ever since have been active in the affairs of Typographical Union No. 226.

In 1907, upon recommendation of No. 226, I was appointed I.T.U. organizer for Western Canada. I put in a charter at Vernon, visited Nelson union, put in a charter at Fernie-Cranbrook, rejuvenated the local at Lethbridge, visited Calgary, Edmonton, Saskatoon; helped "Bill" Trotter put in a charter at Medicine Hat; visited Regina and Moose Jaw, Brandon and Winnipeg; also Fort William and Port Arthur.

Calgary has experienced a lot of ups and downs since that date, but there has always remained the faithful few to carry the torch of the I.T.U. And I never felt more hopeful for the future than right now. Calgary is about to regain its prestige and place in the one organization where all competent printers belong. I have always had a soft place in my heart for Calgary. It's the biggest little city in Canada. I want to see it an all-I.T.U. city—with all that that implies.

In Toronto, on October 17, 1944, the late Premier Mackenzie King was invited to a dinner being held by Typographical Union No. 91. He could not go, but sent the following message: "... I regret not being able to be present as at one time I wrote a short history of the International Typographical Union as a study in trade union methods. It was published in the Journal of Political Economy of the University of Chicago that year. The International Typographical Union is a model for others to follow."

Calgary Typographical Union No. 449
1902 -:- 1952

Golden Anniversary Dinner

HARRIS STARLIGHT ROOM . . . SATURDAY, JUNE 7, 1952

★ ★ ★

Program

"O CANADA"

* *

GRACE—W. J. BANKS

* *

DINNER

* *

CHAIRMAN'S REMARKS

Presentation of Long Service Buttons

* *

TOAST TO THE UNION

BOB RINTOUL (President of the Alberta Federation of Labor)

RESPONSE—C. A. FRENCH

* *

TOAST TO SISTER UNIONS—H. H. McKIM

RESPONSE—TOSH GREENFIELD, ELSIE SMITH, C. J. ORMAN

* *

TOAST TO EMPLOYERS—BERT HUFFMAN

RESPONSE—R. KELLAWAY (President, Calgary Graphic Arts Association)

* *

"THE QUEEN"

* *

DANCING

1852 I.T.U. 1952

International Typographical Union

Know Me, That the International Typographical Union of North America, satisfaction for the purpose of effecting
To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come:
I hereby certify that the International Typographical Union of North America, satisfaction for the purpose of effecting
and to their successors, this Charter, for the maintenance and future maintenance of a
Union of
to be known as the
of
In Witness Whereof, We have hereunto set our hands and affixed the Seal of the International
Typographical Union, this
day of
at New York, New York.

Menu . . .

- TOMATO JUICE
- SOUP
- PICKLES — CELERY
- TURKEY
- CRANBERRY SAUCE
- PEAS
- POTATOES
- CABBAGE SALAD
- ROLLS & BUTTER
- ICE CREAM
- AND WAFERS
- TEA or COFFEE

Calgary Typographical Union No. 449
1902 - 1952



MEMORIES OF A VANISHED ERA—A scene from the old Herald Western composing room in 1903. The following can be easily recognized: Harold Diggon, J. D. McAra, Fred Tomlinson, S. E. Walt, Oliver Horstall, and John Bell.

1852 I.T.U. 1952

Fifty Years in Review

By C. A. French, No. 449 Correspondent

Calgary Typographical Union, having attained an enviable record of fifty years of influential progress, has of necessity faced both prosperous and perilous times. Herewith are chronicled some of the events which have marked this half-century of persistent effort on the part of its members. Space does not permit a more explicit account and only salient milestones have been noted.

1902—(May 24): A special meeting of Calgary Trades and Labor Council was held to consider the question of organizing the printers, and a committee consisting of Messrs. J. D. McAra, H. Smith and E. D. Marshall was appointed to canvass for members.

(May 27): On this date, Calgary Typographical Union was formed, Everett Marshall being chairman. The first officers were: James Hamilton, president; J. D. McAra, vice-president; M. C. Costello, secretary; E. D. Marshall, treasurer. The meeting was held in the sample room of the old Royal Hotel.

(June 6): Official International charter was written, designating the organization as Calgary Typographical Union No. 449.

(June 17): First regular meeting was held in the rear of the Herald office, there being present Messrs. Hamilton, McAra, Costello, Marshall, Smith, Hodson, Walt and House.

(June 29): Affiliation with Calgary Trades and Labor Council was approved, with Messrs. Hamilton, Gibson and Marshall being elected as delegates. The secretary's report showed 10 members in good standing with receipts of \$5.60:

1902—This year was one of the most notable and momentous early years for the International Typographical Union and proved the quality of the organization—with the establishment of the eight-hour day. The membership was drawn closer

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1902 -:- 1952

together and the principle that a sound trade union grows stronger under fire became increasingly evident.

(Sept. 30): The first travelling card was accepted by 449, that of Wm. Muirhead of Saginaw, Michigan.

1903—Oliver Horsfall was designated as the 13th member on the membership roll and the well-being of this pensioner-member today belies any superstitious beliefs.

(Jan. 6): "Jack" McAra took over the gavel from the retiring president, James Hamilton, who was honored at a farewell banquet prior to his departure to Winnipeg.

(July 14): H. B. Wilson was elected president upon the resignation of J. D. McAra.

1904—(July 24): Resignation of Secretary M. C. Costello was accepted with regret. The Union's first secretary subsequently studied medicine and later Dr. Costello was elected Mayor of Calgary. H. M. Diggon accepted the duties of secretary.

(Sept. 27): It was reported with much glee that the union had won the \$10 for the best decorated float in the Labor Day Parade. But the joy was short-lived, for at the October meeting it transpired that the prize-money was not forthcoming—the printers had not paid their per capita dues to Council! However, later on the \$10 came to hand.

1905—(February): Secretary's report showed 27 members in good standing and \$177.05 in the bank.

1905—Calgary Typographical Union fostered the establishment of three other unions. Messrs. Forster, Collier and Lamb of Medicine Hat were accepted as members and subsequently a union was organized in the Gas City. Three members were accepted from Fernie, B.C., and these printers, G. S. Meikle, Archie Buckley and Fred Kirkpatrick, later started a union at the East Kootenay mining centre. Cards were granted to J. H. Dickinson, F. Durwin and W. T. Mountain in order that they might assist in starting a Pressman's Union in Calgary.

1914-1918—During the First World War 44 members of Calgary union served in His Majesty's armed forces.

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- 1921—Secretary Fred J. White was elected as a Labor alderman on the Calgary City Council.
- 1923—F. J. White was elected as a member of the Alberta Legislative Assembly.
- 1927—Records of the union disclosed that 115 journeymen and 13 apprentices were in good standing on the membership roll.
(Oct 15): Calgary Typographical Union marked its 25th Anniversary with a dinner and dance at the Al Azhar Temple. President J. M. Healey acted as toastmaster and Members H. S. Handley, Ben Franks, B. A. Pople, R. E. Cowie, H. T. Trevelyan and W. J. Banks provided vocal and instrumental entertainment. Fred J. White, M.L.A., proposed the toast to the Union and the charter members present responded.
- 1929—Secretary Andrew Davison was elected Mayor of the City of Calgary. A dinner and dance was held in "Andy's" honor and hearty congratulations were extended by the members.
- 1931—The "Hungry Thirties" brought widespread unemployment to the printing industry. 449's Out-of-Work Fund was taxed to the extent of an average of \$500 per month in special assistance.
- 1932—In addition to his duties as secretary of the Calgary Trades and Labor Council, F. J. White accepted the presidency of the Alberta Federation of Labor.
- 1935—During this difficult year the composing rooms of both Calgary newspapers were lost to the regrettable secession movement. Prompted by difficulties in establishing the forty-hour week, members at The Morning Albertan were "on the street" in January and in July a similar condition occurred at The Herald. The Union published the "Typo News" until November in order to express its views to the public. Court actions and litigation followed in the immediate ensuing years that taxed the financial standing and the members' courage. Sister unions and sympathetic trades unions rallied valued support and the "storm was weathered."
- 1939-1945—Enlistments in His Majesty's armed forces during the Second World War totalled 48.

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1944—(August): An agreement was signed with The Morning Albertan which once again placed the management of the paper's composing room in the hands of Calgary Typographical Union.

1951—(September): Sessions of the Western Canada Allied Printing Trades Conference were held in Calgary with 449's president, Larry B. Frederick, presiding.

(November): Stanley Knowles, M.P., a member of Winnipeg Typographical Union No. 191, sponsored the recent amendment to the Income Tax Act, as published in the Canada Gazette of Nov. 3, 1951. This marked the first time that income tax deductions were allowed on deductible union dues in Canadian history, and also the climax of the unceasing struggle the parliamentarian had pursued for so long on behalf of trade unions.

(Nov. 21): E. Bruce Watson, past president of Calgary Typographical Union was elected a Labor alderman on the City Council.

1952—Centennial Year of the International Typographical Union being celebrated throughout the length and breadth of the North American continent bears witness to the integrity of an organization which has strived to improve the way of life and working conditions for not only its own members, but for everyone in the Labor movement. From a humble beginning on May 5, 1852, when 14 unions drafted its inception, the one hundred years of progress have won an enviable respect from friend and foe alike. It is, therefore, understandable why the International Typographical Union has been termed "the most democratic trade union . . . a model for all!"



It is to be regretted that more space is not permissible to chronicle the events surrounding these past fifty years of Calgary Typographical Union's existence. Today, the organization counts 90 journeymen and 16 apprentices within its jurisdiction and if the dexterity and persistence of purpose that has characterized the course of action for the past half century continues to pervade the thoughts and deeds of its members, the future can hold nothing but deserving success.

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Reflections of 38 Years

W. J. (Bill) Banks

Membership in 449 beginning in July 1913, brings to me many pleasant reflections. The introduction of the palatial buses and cement walks, replacing obsolete streetcars and wooden sidewalks shows the march of progress—so the activities of The Calgary Typographical Union No. 449 has advanced in modern ethics. Be this as it may, nevertheless 449 was definitely a very active labor organization throughout the 1914-18 oil boom days; through the depression years also, following World War I, when the finances were sorely pressed maintaining the Sick Benefit Fund (now defunct), and financial assistance to unemployed members and to the general welfare of Trade Unions in Calgary.

The Calgary Union has contributed much to local government in having several of its members elected to both City and Provincial Governments—while at present time having one representative on our City Council and a Library Board representative.

Previous to the break from I.T.U. of both newspapers, their Chapels made up the majority of our membership. Likewise their members contributed much to the activities of our meetings. Conditions were, as now, news and job had separate contracts and wage scales, which presented many a heated debate when new agreements were negotiated. A query was long undecided, "Who was the printer—the 'Newsman' or the 'Jobman'?" As often was the case, some of the boys who had imbibed all too well, would extol their qualifications in heated personal debate, providing the presiding officers' gavel much activity. However those and other incidents added to the congenial side of our gatherings.

It is of interest to note that we have now for several years inaugurated joint working agreements for the allied trades in Calgary, operating with the Calgary Graphic Arts Association, adopting

advanced methods of negotiations and congenial Employer-Employee relationships.

The activities of the Apprentice Committee are worthy of comment, for in addition to regular I.T.U. lessons, each year lectures were arranged, with speakers from the membership, providing adequate information for the printer of tomorrow. With the present advancement of modern printing (both job and news) this effort could well be re-established. Further—The Calgary Exhibition Board introduced classes for printer apprentices to display their talents in the art competition—these were keenly contested. Revival of this would be of interest and provide good propaganda for Union Label activity.

Space does not permit personal mention of "Printer Characters" I have met, suffice to say these past associations have pleasant memories—unfortunately many have answered the "Time Call" of the Great Chapel Chairman. These personal ties were strongly cemented by the social activities and co-operation of the then active Typo Union Women's Auxiliary. This Auxiliary contributed much to the welfare of our union, as well as bringing the membership to closer friendship and family contacts.

The Annual Joint Picnic was a festive event. Competition for largest family present was a specialty. Mr. Stork was an annual visitor. Has the membership advanced in this respect? Our older members will also recall the many activities that space does not permit reference.

I do feel that 449 has advanced in general as a leader in local Trade Union Organizations and is to be congratulated on celebrating its 50th Anniversary. However, its work and welfare is not yet completed for much is to be accomplished towards bringing happy relationship with all associated in the industry in Calgary.

A peek into the Crystal Ball shows a hope that present negotiations may consummate this ideal.

Fred J. White . . . of 449

Loyalty and Service Delux

By HORTON H. McKIM

This 50th Anniversary brochure would be far from complete without an appreciative tribute to the long years of loyalty and service rendered to the Calgary Typographical Union No. 449 by our former member and friend Mr. "Fred" J. White. Arriving in Calgary, August 7, 1910, Fred's first employment was with the Herald—Western Co. Ltd. This company was then the Commercial Job Department of the Calgary Herald and was located on the second floor, adjacent to the editorial offices, at the south-east corner of 7th Ave. and Centre Street. The company soon after Fred's arrival re-organized to become the present Western Printing and Lithographing Company. It was a coincidence that Fred, after changing to newspaper work, finished his active career as a printer with the Western Print.

Fred's pleasing personality, integrity and honesty of purpose, quickly impressed his co-workers and the membership of "449." The union elected him in 1912 to fill an unexpired term on the executive committee. With this election, he began a term of loyal service for the Calgary Typographical Union, Alberta trade unions and the citizens of Calgary at large, which did not end until thirty-one years later.

In 1914, Local 449 elected brother White to the office of president and when his term expired immediately elected him as secretary-treasurer.

During his tenure as Secretary for seven years and later, brother Fred was elected delegate by "449" to four I.T.U. International Conventions: Quebec 1921, Seattle 1929, Colorado Springs 1936, and Fort Worth in 1939. His first I.T.U. convention experience was at the 1913 Nashville Convention which he attended as a member of the "Booster Club" when Calgary Typo Union made an unsuccessful bid to be "host city" for our convention the following year. He also registered in as a visitor at the Indianapolis convention in 1927.

Brother White's participation in convention proceedings and debate impressed attending delegates and our internal officers resulting in his appointment on ten different occasions, as special representative of our International presidents, to negotiate wage scales and do organizing work in Western Canada. "449" benefitted to the full of his experience, having him, throughout the years, a continuous member of both newspaper and Job Scale Committees. He also, on different occasions, presented our union's case before Mediation and Arbitration Boards.

Abilities and Efforts Take Greater Scope

Fred's first efforts in the wider field of trade unionism began in 1918 when Local 449 elected him a delegate to the Calgary Trades and Labor Council on which he served until 1941. In 1926 Brother White was elected President of the Alberta Federation of Labor. The responsibilities of this office placed on him the duty of drafting and presenting to the Provincial Legislature all of the important labor legislation we enjoy in Alberta today. He held this office for 15 years.

The big expansion of Calgary's Trade Unions in the 20's resulted in the Trades Council electing a Secretary-organizer and Brother White was its choice. The responsibilities of this was a full time job; organizing new unions, advising them on policy and giving his services in the conduct of local strikes and lock-outs. It is safe to state that there were but few unions affiliated with the Trades Council that did not, at some time or other, make use of his experience and advice. It was also during his term as organizer, that the present Labor Temple was built, and the raising of the necessary funds fell to his lot. From 1917 till 1940 Mr. White was delegate to fourteen conventions of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada. He was elected in 1933 as the Dominion Trades Congress' delegate to American Federation of Labor Convention at Washington, D.C.

Political Activities Benefit Unions and Citizens

Fred White's service to the citizens of Calgary at large, began in 1918 when he was the only one elected of a slate of three Aldermanic Candidates sponsored by the Trade Unions of Calgary. His close attention to the problems of Civic Government quickly won

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the confidence of the electorate which showed its appreciation by re-electing him to that office continuously for seventeen years. It was an unusual event for him not to head the polls when each term expired and he again stood for re-election.

The political labor strength in Calgary grew a pace during the ensuing years and in 1921 Fred was elected as a Labor member to the Provincial Legislature. As was the case with his first election to the City Council, he enjoyed the distinction of being the youngest member ever to be elected to the Alberta Legislature. During his tenure as a member, which lasted for 14 years, Labor elected six members to that governing body which was the largest group on the opposition benches. The government thus recognized him as the official leader of the opposition.

The Mother's Allowance Act, Factory Act, Minimum Wage Act, Workmen's Compensation Act and Old Age Pension Legislation was some of the legislation that he devoted his closest attention to and he became known as an authority in Canada on all types of Social and Labor Legislation. He was not elected when the great political upheaval in 1935 put the present government in office by defeating the Farmer regime.

For the next five years "our Fred" devoted his time and effort to Trade Union Activities in Calgary and the business of the City Council. In 1941 he was appointed by the Federal Government as Regional Director of the Unemployment Insurance Commission for the three prairie provinces, an administrative post he held until his retirement in April of this year.

Fred has now returned to Guelph, Ontario, where he was first apprenticed to the printing trade and the girlhood home of Mrs. White. In a letter to the author he says that he intends to take it easy for the next six months—probably be a visitor to our International Convention this year at Cincinnati. After that he hopes that he may find some avenue of endeavor where he may still be of service to the Labor movement.

This 50th anniversary gathering extends to Brother Fred and Mrs. White our sincere wishes for good health and happiness in the years to come.

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Sixty Years in the I. T. U.

By R. J. Brown

In response to a request by Bill Day, Secretary of Calgary Typo Union No. 449, I will endeavour to relate to you, in brief, a few of the major events in the life of one who may be said to be the oldest living member of the Calgary Union.

I joined Winnipeg Typo Union No. 191, some time in the year of 1893, and will, if I live on into 1953, thus be entitled to receive from Calgary Typo Union, a 60 year button to add to the 40 year and 50 year buttons I already possess.

Let me take the reader back to the year 1889, and allow me to bring to you a few of the trials and tribulations of one who was to spend the remainder of his life in close communion with printers ink.

After some seven months working for a farmer about 15 miles northeast of Brandon, I called into that town on my way back to Winnipeg, my home city. Feeling like a plutocrat with my seven months wages in my pocket, which at \$8 a month amounted to over \$50, I strolled around Brandon. Passing an old building with a sign reading "The Brandon Sun," and a smaller sign in the window which read "Boy Wanted," I entered and met the proprietor, Mr. Will J. White.

"Want a boy?" I asked. "Sure," was the answer. "How much?" "\$2.50 a week." "When do I start?" "In the morning."

"In the morning," and so fate had directed my steps into what was to become my life work.

Among those employed on the Brandon Sun, were Herb Dillingham and Steve Dillingham and Steve McCormick with whom I was to come in contact in later life. In 1924, 35 years later, I met Herb Dillingham with his wife and daughter in an old Maxwell car. I was driving a new shiny Ford, and was with my wife and two daughters, on a tour around the Windermere, which started at Calgary. I learned he had a son, Harold, who was working a linotype at the Innisfail Province in 1922. Harold is now a linotype operator and foreman of the Creston Review. Steve Dillingham, later publisher of the Macleod Gazette, also worked on the Sun

staff. Another staffer was Bill McCormick, who 12 years later was day foreman of the Nor-Wester, a Winnipeg daily, at the same time I was night foreman.

After a strenuous two years on the Sun, I next took my hard-earned knowledge of the printing business to Jimmy Steen's "Commercial," in Winnipeg. There I met Ben Franks, with whom I was later to be associated with in Calgary. Another staff member Walter Scott later became Premier of Saskatchewan.

A strike called on The Commercial, brought me into Winnipeg Union, and although having only three and a half years experience, I was accepted into the Union and thus launched on my journalistic travels as a tramp printer covering the four western provinces. Space forbids any details of those hectic experiences.

In 1895 I landed in Calgary via cattle car and went to work on the Calgary Tribune at \$11.00 a week, and that amount was a lot of money in those days. Everett Marshall, Mike Costello, Harry Wilson are some whom I remember being on the Herald, there being two dailies in operation at that time in the ambitious cow town of 3,000 population. Sam Hodson, Duke Hodgins, Jack Watkins and others I cannot recall, were on the Tribune. After three weeks of work, no pay for previous week appeared. I was the only union man in Calgary at that time, and after some convincing talk, the bunch on the old Trib decided to adopt the policy of "No pay, no work." This was the beginning of the Calgary Union.

In April 1907, I received an offer from Calgary Herald, of a linotype job. The letter was signed by Ben Franks, foreman. I replied, asking a prohibitive wage of \$7.00 over the scale, and transportation. The next mail brought acceptance and a cheque for travel fare to the coming oil centre. Everett Marshall was then city editor of the Herald and J. H. Woods, had then only recently arrived to take charge for Southams.

And what a dump the composing room was. Four linotypes and the presses and all make-up equipment crowded in the basement of a building still standing at the southeast corner of Centre St. and Seventh Ave. No air-conditioning of any sort, and the stink from the gasoline burning linotypes still seems to linger in my nostrils.

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While my general work was as linotype operator, at times I assisted the sport editor and also myself to increased income.

Some time in 1908, I think it was July 1, I was asked by the city editor, Everett Marshall, to proceed to High River to write up a story of the great championship lacrosse game to be played in that thriving town. I was accompanied on the trip by a bright young reporter from The Albertan, by name of Len Nesbitt. There we met Charlie Clark, publisher of The Times. Who won the lacrosse game I cannot recall. It seems, if memory is not faulty, there was in High River either a saloon or a bank on every corner. Only one player stands out and he had black chin whiskers. His name was Doctor Stanley who later represented East Calgary in Parliament during the Premiership of late R. B. Bennett. In the past 60 years I have lived under six sovereigns, four of whom have passed on to their reward. I have seen Alberta grow from an obscure and impoverished province to that of the richest of all those comprising the Canadian Confederation.

I have seen the I.T.U. faced with difficulties which would have wrecked a weaker or less determined organization. But each apparent setback seemed to add to its strength.

I could ramble on for hours as the pages of memory unfold but I well realize that the blue pencil may be lavishly used if I do not call "thirty" to these recollections. I am now and have been for the past eleven years a resident of High River, and enjoying the simple life of Riley. What a wonderful thing it is for a printer in his last fading days to know the I.T.U. is prepared to look after him either at our ten million dollar home at Colorado Springs or the a life pension of \$20 a week.

I have met many fine men in my career on newspapers in the past sixty years and here I state that in nearly every case they were "Good Scouts," I do not think I can pay a greater tribute; and when my time comes and I appear at the "Pearly Gates" I hope to hear St. Peter say, "Enter Bob Brown, you have been a good scout."

To those assembled in the banquet hall celebrating the 50th anniversary of the founding of Calgary Typographical Union No. 449, I wish an enjoyable evening and that the future years will bring prosperity and peace to all those connected with the I.T.U.

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1952 Membership, Local No. 449 (Exclusive of Pensioners)

| | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Baldwin, Sid | Frederick, L. B. | Moss, J. H. |
| Barber, J. P. | Fitzsimmons, T. O. | Misura, H. |
| Bevan, J. N. | Freeman, S. H. | Millar, T. G. |
| Bradley, E. | Gill, S. A. | Moulding, W. A. P. |
| Bowd, C. M. | Graham, Adam | McAra, J. D. |
| Bradford, Thos. | Grasswick, J. L. | McKim, H. H. |
| Bradshaw, C. | Gowing, A. D. | Nesbitt, R. Lee. |
| Burren, H. W. | Haig, Harold | Newman, L. E. |
| Butt, R. S. | Halpin, N. J. | Nixon, R. R. |
| Caddick, J. T. | Handley, H. S. | Nolan, E. A. |
| Charbonneau, Geo. | Halpen, A. P. | Ore, L. G. |
| Clark, W. I. | Hall, B. M. | Pople, B. A. |
| Clausen, Peter | Hawthorne, J. F. | Ragan, J. M. |
| Clifford F. L. | Hickey, C. P. | Ramsay, C. |
| Colvin, Jas. F. | Hickling, R. J. | Riches, F. |
| Cotton, R. W. | Hoskins, W. | Rowell, H. G. |
| Cowie, Jas. B. | Huffman, M. B. | Sailer, Stan. |
| Cowie, Ronald E. | Hughes, G. M. | Sharp, T. W. |
| Cox, K. | Hynd, T. A. J. | Sidwell, K. A. |
| Creevy, J. M. | Izzard, Frank | Smith, G. C. F. |
| Day, W. H. | Jenkins, David. | Snuggs, J. N. |
| Dee, Wm. A. | Jones, Geo. E. | Stonestreet, J. H. |
| Dear, Fred. | Kadwell, E. C. | Stone, S. H. A. |
| Dillingham, Neil. | Kaiser, E. P. | Swain, Chas. |
| Donald, J. C. | Larsen, D. E. | Taylor, Jas. F. |
| Dubenski, P. | Lewis, R. M. | Taylor, R. |
| Dubuc, Omer | Loney, A. G. | Taylor, Jas. |
| Eckardt, D. | Lott, R. C. | Taylor, H. |
| Elford, C. P. | Malcolm, D. G. | Taylor, H. A. |
| Elliott, J. H. | Mason, Alex. | Toothie, H. F. |
| Ellison, J. | Martin, Alex | Tucker, S. A. |
| Everett, D. B. | Meaker, W. F. | Walker, D. J. |
| Foid, H. C. | Misura, S. | Watson, L. D. |
| Frawley, A. A. | Mitchell, C. | Westhaver, L. L. |
| Finlay, D. J. | Mitchell, C. (Jr.) | Wilson, S. R. |
| French, Chas. A. | | |

Deceased Members Local No. 449

| | | |
|----------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| 1922—Pearson, John | 1937—Black, J. M. | 1945—Townsend, E. J. |
| 1925—Mawson, A. W. | 1937—Lamb, Norman | 1946—Hickey, A. F. |
| 1927—Cummer, Fred B. | 1938—Quayle, A. E. | 1947—Kilgour, Jack |
| 1928—Richards, Jas. | 1939—Smith, D. D. | 1947—Cox, J. J. |
| 1929—Smith, Harry P. | 1940—Fay, Ed. J. | 1948—Franks, Ben. |
| 1929—McColl, D. N. | 1940—Mastin, C. H. | 1949—Hynd, S. A. |
| 1931—Fraser, J. A. | 1940—Jackson, J. T. | 1949—Marshall, F. D. |
| 1933—Bishop, S. G. | 1944—O'Brien, A. G. | 1951—Hill, W. J. |
| 1934—Cooper, Harold | 1944—Canniff, B. E. | 1951—Campbell, C. R. |
| 1936—Healey, Jack | 1945—Orman, B. J. | 1951—McLauchlin, J. R. |

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